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|---|--|
| <p>1. True about sepsis is:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">a. It is acute life threatening condition in response to bacterial,viral,fungal or parasitic infectionb. Results due to dysregulated host response to infectionc. SIRS is not a part of sepsisd. All of the above | <div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 40px; height: 40px; margin: 0 auto; display: flex; align-items: center; justify-content: center;">D</div> |
| <p>2. Complications of massive blood transfusion are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">a. Coagulopathy, Hypocalcemia, Hypothermiab. Coagulopathy, Hypercalcemia, Hypothermiac. None of the aboved. Both of the above | <div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 40px; height: 40px; margin: 0 auto; display: flex; align-items: center; justify-content: center;">A</div> |
| <p>3. Parathyroid glands are supplied by:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">a. Superior thyroid arteryb. Inferior thyroid arteryc. Superior parathyroid arteryd. All of the above | <div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 40px; height: 40px; margin: 0 auto; display: flex; align-items: center; justify-content: center;">B</div> |
| <p>4. Siewert classification is used for:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">a. Squamous cell ca of esophagusb. Adeo-squamous ca of esophagusc. Adeno ca of distal stomachd. Adeno ca of GE junction | <div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 40px; height: 40px; margin: 0 auto; display: flex; align-items: center; justify-content: center;">D</div> |
| <p>5. TNM staging of malignant melanoma is based on :</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">a. Size and thicknessb. Thickness and ulcerationc. Size and ulcerationd. None of the above | <div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 40px; height: 40px; margin: 0 auto; display: flex; align-items: center; justify-content: center;">B</div> |
| <p>6. The differentiated thyroid cancers include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">a. Papillary cab. Follicular cac. Both of the aboved. None of the above | <div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 40px; height: 40px; margin: 0 auto; display: flex; align-items: center; justify-content: center;">C</div> |
| <p>7. Carcinoma Ex-pleomorphic adenoma is a malignant tumor of:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">a. Salivary glandsb. Parathyroid glandsc. Eyelidsd. All of the above | <div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 40px; height: 40px; margin: 0 auto; display: flex; align-items: center; justify-content: center;">A</div> |
| <p>8. Milan system of cytopathology is used:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">a. Salivary gland neoplasmsb. Used to estimate the risk of malignancyc. Both of the aboved. None of the above | <div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 40px; height: 40px; margin: 0 auto; display: flex; align-items: center; justify-content: center;">C</div> |
| <p>9. The mammography is used to evaluate:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">a. Architectural distortionb. Assymetryc. Calcificationsd. All of the above | <div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 40px; height: 40px; margin: 0 auto; display: flex; align-items: center; justify-content: center;">D</div> |
| <p>10. Sentinel lymph node biopsy in DCIS is indicated :</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">a. During Mastectomyb. DCIS size of 2 cmc. Grade II DCISd. All of the above | <div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 40px; height: 40px; margin: 0 auto; display: flex; align-items: center; justify-content: center;">A</div> |

- 11.** MEN 2A includes:
- a. Medullary ca thyroid, Pheochromocytoma, hyperparathyroidism
 - b. Medullary ca thyroid, pheochromocytoma, hyperthyroidism
 - c. Medullary ca thyroid, pheochromocytoma, pituitary adenoma
 - d. None of the above
- 12.** In a patient of pheochromocytoma with hypertension, the management is as under:
- a. Upfront surgery
 - b. Start beta blockers to control hypertension followed by surgery
 - c. Alfa blockers followed by beta blockers followed by surgery
 - d. Calcium channel blockers followed by surgery
- 13.** Secretin provocation test is used to diagnose:
- a. Insulinoma
 - b. Gastrinoma
 - c. VIPOMA
 - d. Gluconoma
- 14.** Right hemicolectomy in neuroendocrine tumor is indicated:
- a. Tumor > 2 cm
 - b. Positive margins after appendectomy
 - c. Meso-appendix invasion > 3 mm
 - d. All of the above
- 15.** Triple assessment in a breast lump includes:
- a. Clinical examination, breast imaging, tissue sampling
 - b. Clinical examination, IHC, excision
 - c. Both of the above
 - d. None of the above
- 16.** Bethseda system is:
- a. Cytopathological examination system
 - b. Used to estimate the risk of malignancy in a thyroid nodule
 - c. Both of the above
 - d. None of the above
- 17.** Gaint fibroadenoma is defined as fibroadema:
- a. >2 cm
 - b. >3 cm
 - c. > 5 cm
 - d. Fibroadenoma with high mitotic count
- 18.** Following dyes can be used in SLNB:
- a. Fluorescein
 - b. Indocynine green
 - c. Methylene blue
 - d. All of the above
- 19.** Cardiac myxoma is most commonly found in :
- a. Right atrium
 - b. Left atrium
 - c. Right ventricle
 - d. Left ventricle
- 20.** Lungs are embryologically derived from:
- a. Pharyngeal pouch
 - b. Foregut
 - c. Midgut
 - d. All of the above

A

C

B

D

A

C

C

D

B

B

- 21.** Midpoint of inguinal ligament is midpoint between:
- Anterior iliac spine and pubic tubercle
 - Anterior iliac spine and pubic symphysis
 - Posterior iliac spine and pubic tubercle
 - None of the above
- 22.** Hesselbach's triangle is formed by:
- Inferior epigastric vessels, lateral border of rectus muscle and inguinal ligament
 - Inferior epigastric vessels, midline and inguinal ligament
 - Inferior epigastric vessels, medial border of rectus muscle and inguinal ligament
 - None of the above
- 23.** The treatment of choice for primary peritoneal malignancy is:
- same as that of ca ovary
 - Cytoreductive surgery and HIPEC
 - Both a and b
 - Cytoreductive surgery and intraperitoneal chemotherapy
- 24.** GIST is most commonly found in :
- Stomach
 - Duodenum
 - Jejunum
 - Ileum
- 25.** True about Ivor-Lewis procedure is:
- Used for esophagogastrrectomy
 - Includes Laprotomy
 - Includes right thoracotomy
 - all of the above
- 26.** Esophagus extends from:
- C3 to T1
 - C6 to T1
 - C6 to T4
 - None of the above
- 27.** Caroli's Disease is:
- Type II choledochal cyst
 - Type III choledochal cyst
 - Type IV choledochal cyst
 - Type V choledochal cyst
- 28.** FAST is USG assessment in abdominal trauma to rule out haemoperitoneum.
- True
 - False
- 29.** All are true about struvite stone except:
- Known as staghorn calculus
 - Triple phosphate stone
 - common in infected urine
 - Usually seen in acidic urine
- 30.** Not true about stauffers syndrome:
- It is non-metastatic hepatic dysfunction
 - Seen in renal cell ca
 - Usually seen in metastatic renal cell ca
 - Resolves with nephrectomy

A

A

C

A

D

B

D

A

D

C

- 31.** In the treatment of ectopia vesicae, one of the bone divided is:
- Pubic bone
 - Coccyx
 - Sacrum
 - Iliac bone
- 32.** Lauren's is most commonly used histological classification in ca stomach
- True
 - False
- 33.** Transitional cell ca is most commonly seen in:
- Kidney
 - Renal pelvis
 - Ureter
 - Urinary bladder
- 34.** The most important use of TRUS is for:
- For screening of ca prostate
 - Distinguishing ca prostate from BPH
 - Systematic prostatic biopsy in suspected ca prostate
 - Guiding TURP in prostate cancer
- 35.** Transurethral resection syndrome is due to :
- Hypernatremia
 - Hyponatremia
 - Hypovolemia
 - Hypoxia
- 36.** Circumcision is contra-indicated in:
- Meatal stenosis
 - Hypospadias
 - Phimosis
 - All of the above
- 37.** Most common tumor in undescended testis is:
- Seminoma
 - Teratoma
 - Embryonal ca
 - Choriocarcinoma
- 38.** All are true about mycotic aneurysm except:
- Blood born infection (Intravascular)
 - Infection introduced from outside (Extravascular)
 - Caused by fungal infection
 - All of above
- 39.** Testicular tumor most commonly metastasize to:
- Inguinal Lymph nodes
 - Iliac lymph nodes
 - Para-aortic lymph nodes
 - None of the above
- 40.** True about primary lymphedema:
- Associated with Milroy's disease
 - Onset above 35 years of age
 - Prevalence 10%
 - None of the above

D

A

D

C

B

B

A

C

C

A

- 41.** Which of the following tumor is not found in anterior mediastinum:
- a. Thymoma
 - b. Lymphoma
 - c. Terratoma
 - d. Neurogenic tumor
- D**
- 42.** Common type of lung ca in non-smokers is:
- a. Squamous cell ca
 - b. Adenocarcinoma
 - c. Small cell ca
 - d. Neuroendocrine ca
- B**
- 43.** One of the following lung ca has worst prognosis:
- a. Squamous cell ca
 - b. Adenocarcinoma
 - c. Adenosquamous cell ca
 - d. Small cell ca
- D**
- 44.** All of the following are advantages of split thickness skin graft except:
- a. Good uptake
 - b. Less contraction
 - c. Donor site is reusable
 - d. Large graft can be harvested
- B**
- 45.** Medulloblastoma exclusively occurs in
- a. Medulla
 - b. Cerebellum
 - c. Cereberal hemisphere
 - d. None of the above
- B**
- 46.** Most common site of oral cancer is:
- a. Lips
 - b. Buccal mucosa
 - c. Tongue
 - d. Alveolus
- C**
- 47.** Frey's syndrome occurs due to injury to:
- a. Auriculotemporal nerve
 - b. Facial nerve
 - c. Greater auricular nerve
 - d. None of the above
- A**
- 48.** Recurrent laryngeal nerve is motor supply to all muscles of larynx except thyroarytenoid muscles:
- a. True
 - b. False
- B**
- 49.** Which is incorrect about cystic hygroma:
- a. Brilliantly translucent
 - b. Radiotherapy is the treatment
 - c. Sclerotherapy
 - d. None of the above
- B**
- 50.** The intra-abdominal pressure during laparoscopy in adults should be set between:
- a. 5-8 mm Hg
 - b. 10-15 mm Hg
 - c. 20-25 mm Hg
 - d. > 25 mmHg
- B**

- 51.** True about synovial sarcoma is :
 a. Commonly seen in young patients
 b. Typically found in para-articular areas of tendon sheath and joints
 c. Both of the above
 d. None of the above
- 52.** Sacrococcygeal teratoma is embryological remnant of :
 a. Neural tube
 b. Notochord
 c. Allantois
 d. Primitive streak
- 53.** Precancerous lesion of gall bladder is:
 a. Acalculous cholecystitis
 b. Cholesterosis
 c. Mirizzi's syndrome
 d. Porcelain gall bladder
- 54.** In Couinaud's classification, segment IV of liver is :
 a. Caudate lobe
 b. Quadrate lobe
 c. Right lobe
 d. Left lobe
- 55.** Three metastatic lymph nodes in ca colon represents:
 a. Stage I
 b. Stage II
 c. Stage III
 d. Stage IV
- 56.** Treatment of choice for locally advanced ca rectum is :
 a. Neoadjuvant concurrent chemoradiation followed by surgery
 b. Neoadjuvant chemotherapy followed by surgery
 c. Chemotherapy followed by radiotherapy followed by surgery
 d. Upfront surgery
- 57.** Lung metastasis is commonly seen in cancer of :
 a. Upper rectum
 b. Middle rectum
 c. Lower rectum
 d. None of the above
- 58.** Treatment of choice of ca anal canal is:
 a. Definitive chemoradiation
 b. Upfront surgery
 c. Neoadjuvant chemotherapy followed by surgery
 d. None of the above
- 59.** All of the following are HPV associated malignancies except:
 a. Ca endometrium
 b. Ca cervix
 c. Ca vulva
 d. Ca anal canal
- 60.** Fournier's gangrene occurs in :
 a. Toes
 b. Scrotum
 c. Fingers
 d. Muscles

C

D

D

B

C

A

C

A

A

B